### COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

#### FOR

# Senate Bill No. 335

(By Senators Yost, Edgell and Fitzsimmons)

[Originating in the Committee on Government Organization; reported February 28, 2013.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §16-2D-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to permitting certain hospitals to request an exemption from certificates of need for health care facilities in specific instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-2D-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

# §16-2D-4. Exemptions from certificate of need program.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in subdivision (9), subsection (b),
- 2 section three of this article, nothing in this article or the rules
- adopted pursuant to the provisions of this article may be

- 4 construed to authorize the licensure, supervision, regulation
- 5 or control in any manner of the following:
- 6 (1) Private office practice of any one or more health
- 7 professionals licensed to practice in this state pursuant to the
- 8 provisions of chapter thirty of this code: *Provided*, That such
- 9 exemption from review of private office practice shall not be
- 10 construed to include such practices where major medical
- equipment otherwise subject to review under the provisions
- 12 of this article is acquired, offered or developed: *Provided*,
- 13 *however*, That such exemption from review of private office
- practice shall not be construed to include the acquisition,
- 15 offering or development of one or more health services,
- including ambulatory surgical facilities or centers, lithotripsy,
- magnetic resonance imaging and radiation therapy by one or
- more health professionals. The state agency shall adopt rules
- 19 pursuant to section eight of this article which specify the
- 20 health services acquired, offered or developed by health
- 21 professionals which are subject to certificate of need review;

- 22 (2) Dispensaries and first-aid stations located within 23 business or industrial establishments maintained solely for 24 the use of employees: *Provided*, That such facility does not 25 contain inpatient or resident beds for patients or employees 26 who generally remain in the facility for more than
- 28 (3) Establishments, such as motels, hotels and 29 boardinghouses, which provide medical, nursing personnel 30 and health-related services:

twenty-four hours;

- 31 (4) The remedial care or treatment of residents or patients 32 in any home or institution conducted only for those who rely 33 solely upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means in 34 accordance with the creed or tenets of any recognized church 35 or religious denomination;
- (5) The creation of new primary care services located in communities that are underserved with respect to primary care services: *Provided*, That to qualify for this exemption, an applicant must be a community-based nonprofit organization with a community board that provides or will

## Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 335]

41 provide primary care services to people without regard to 42 ability to pay: *Provided*, *however*. That the exemption from certificate of need review of new primary care services 43 44 provided by this subdivision shall not include the acquisition, 45 offering or development of major medical equipment 46 otherwise subject to review under the provisions of this article or to include the acquisition, offering or development 47 48 of ambulatory surgical facilities, lithotripsy, magnetic resonance imaging or radiation therapy. The Office of 49 50 Community and Rural Health Services shall define which 51 services constitute primary care services for purposes of this 52 subdivision and shall, to prevent duplication of primary care 53 services, determine whether a community is underserved with respect to certain primary care services within the meaning 54 55 of this subdivision. Any organization planning to qualify for 56 an exemption pursuant to this subdivision shall submit to the state agency a letter of intent describing the proposed new 57 58 services and area of service: and

(6) The creation of birthing centers by nonprofit primary 59 care centers that have a community board and provide 60 61 primary care services to people in their community without regard to ability to pay or by nonprofit hospitals with less 62 63 than one hundred licensed acute care beds: *Provided*. That 64 to qualify for this exemption, an applicant shall be located in an area that is underserved with respect to low-risk 65 66 obstetrical services: *Provided, however,* That if a primary 67 care center attempting to qualify for this exemption is located in the same county as a hospital that is also eligible for this 68 exemption, or if a hospital attempting to qualify for this 69 70 exemption is located in the same county as a primary care 71 center that is also eligible for this exemption, then at least 72 one primary care center and at least one hospital from said 73 that county shall collaborate for the provision of services at a birthing center in order to qualify for this exemption: 74 75 Provided further, That for purposes of this subsection, a "birthing center" is a short-stay ambulatory health care 76 77 facility designed for low-risk births following normal

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- uncomplicated pregnancy. Any primary care center or 78 79 hospital planning to qualify for an exemption pursuant to this 80 subdivision shall submit to the state agency a letter of intent 81 describing the proposed birthing center and area of service. 82 (b) (1) A health care facility is not required to obtain a 83 certificate of need for the acquisition of major medical equipment to be used solely for research, the addition of 84 health services to be offered solely for research or the 85 86 obligation of a capital expenditure to be made solely for research if the health care facility provides the notice 87
- notice, that the acquisition, offering or obligation will or will have the effect to:

required in subdivision (2) of this subsection and the state

agency does not find, within sixty days after it receives such

- 92 (A) Affect the charges of the facility for the provision of 93 medical or other patient care services other than the services 94 which are included in the research;
- 95 (B) Result in a substantial change to the bed capacity of 96 the facility; or

- 97 (C) Result in a substantial change to the health services98 of the facility.
- 99 (2) Before a health care facility acquires major medical 100 equipment to be used solely for research, offers a health 101 service solely for research or obligates a capital expenditure 102 solely for research, such health care facility shall notify in 103 writing the state agency of such facility's intent and the use 104 to be made of such medical equipment, health service or 105 capital expenditure.
- (3) If major medical equipment is acquired, a health 106 service is offered or a capital expenditure is obligated and a 107 108 certificate of need is not required for such acquisition, offering or obligation as provided in subdivision (1) of this 109 subsection, such equipment or service or equipment or 110 facilities acquired through the obligation of such capital 111 expenditure may not be used in such a manner as to have the 112 effect or to make a change described in paragraphs (A), (B) 113 114 and (C) of said that subdivision unless the state agency issues 115 a certificate of need approving such use.

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(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "solely for
 research" includes patient care provided on an occasional and
 irregular basis and not as part of a research program.

- 119 (c) (1) The state agency may adopt rules pursuant to 120 section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under 121 which a certificate of need may not be required for the 122 obligation of a capital expenditure to acquire, either by 123 purchase or under lease or comparable arrangement, an existing health care facility: Provided, That a certificate of 124 125 need is required for the obligation of a capital expenditure to 126 acquire, either by purchase or under lease or comparable 127 arrangement, an existing health care facility if:
  - (A) The notice required by subdivision (2) of this subsection is not filed in accordance with said that subdivision with respect to such acquisition; or
  - (B) The state agency finds, within thirty days after the date it receives a notice in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection, with respect to such acquisition, that the

services or bed capacity of the facility will be changed by reason of said that acquisition.

- (2) Before any person enters into a contractual arrangement to acquire an existing health care facility, such person shall notify the state agency of his or her intent to acquire the facility and of the services to be offered in the facility and its bed capacity. Such notice shall be made in writing and shall be made at least thirty days before contractual arrangements are entered into to acquire the facility with respect to which the notice is given. The notice shall contain all information the state agency requires.
- (d) The state agency shall adopt rules pursuant to section eight of this article to specify the circumstances under which and the procedures by which a certificate of need may not be required for shared services between two or more acute care facilities providing services made available through existing technology that can reasonably be mobile. The state agency shall specify the types of items in the rules and under what circumstances mobile MRI and mobile lithotripsy may be so

exempted from review. In no case, however, will mobile cardiac catheterization be exempted from certificate of need review. In addition, if the shared services mobile unit proves less cost effective than a fixed unit, the acute care facility will not be exempted from certificate of need review.

On a yearly basis, the state agency shall review existing technologies to determine if other shared services should be included under this exemption.

- (e) The state agency shall promulgate rules for legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to specify the circumstances under which, and the procedures by which, a certificate of need may not be required for the construction, development, acquisition or other establishment by a hospital of an ambulatory health care facility. Certificate of need may not be required if:
- (1) The ambulatory health care facility is located in the same county as the hospital: <u>Provided</u>, That a hospital that is the only hospital in the county, is located less than one-half

172 mile from the county line in which it is located and is located 173 less than one mile from a state bordering West Virginia may request this exemption for a health care facility located in the 174 175 same zip code as the hospital; 176 (2) Employs five or less physicians licensed to practice in 177 this state pursuant to either article three or article fourteen, chapter thirty of this code; 178 179 (3) The total capital expenditure does not exceed the 180 expenditure minimum set forth in subsection two of this section; and 181 182 (4) The construction, development, acquisition or other establishment of an ambulatory health care facility is not 183 opposed by an affected person after substantive public notice 184 pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine 185 186 of this code has been given by the Health Care Authority. (f) The Health Care Authority shall provide at least thirty 187 days' notice to the public of the intent of a health care facility 188

to construct, acquire or develop an ambulatory health care

facility. The Health Care Authority shall cause a Class II

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legal advertisement to be published in a qualified newspaper 191 192 of general circulation where the construction, acquisition or 193 development of the ambulatory health care facility is or will 194 be geographically located. The thirty-day notice shall 195 commence with the first date of publication. Additionally, if 196 the county in which the ambulatory health care facility is or 197 will be geographically located contains a daily newspaper, a 198 legal advertisement shall also be placed at least once in the daily newspaper. Any public notice shall include the name 199 200 of the hospital seeking to develop, acquire or construct an ambulatory health care facility, the kind of practice to be 201 202 developed, acquired or constructed, the geographic location 203 of the ambulatory health care facility and the address where protests may be submitted or filed. 204

(g) The state agency shall promulgate emergency rules pursuant to the provision of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code by July 1, 2009, to establish an exemption process for such projects.

- 209 (h) The acquisition, development or establishment of a 210 certified interoperable electronic health record or electronic 211 medical record system is not subject to certificate of need 212 review.
- 213 (i) A health care facility is not required to obtain a
  214 certificate of need for any nonhealth-related project that does
  215 not exceed:
- 216 (1) \$5 million for a hospital with less than one hundred 217 licensed acute care beds;
- 218 (2) \$10 million for a hospital with one hundred or more 219 licensed acute care beds; or
- 220 (3) \$5 million for any other project.
- (j) A certificate of need is not required for a psychiatric
   hospital operated by state government for the purpose of
   constructing forensic beds.
- 224 (k) Any behavioral health care service selected by the
  225 Department of Health and Human Resources in response to
  226 its request for application for services intended to return
  227 children currently placed in out-of-state facilities to the state

Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 335] 14

or to prevent placement of children in out-of-state facilities

is not subject to a certificate of need.